From a Back Layout Position, the trunk is lowered as the hips are bent to assume a Submerged Back Pike Position. The feet separate along the surface as the hips rise and the body assumes a Split Position. The legs join to assume a Vertical Position at ankle level. Maintaining the Vertical Position, the body descends along its longitudinal axis until the toes are submerged.


FINA WEIGHT for 302 Blossom 1.4

|  |  | Total |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{NVT}=$ | 10.0 | 11.0 | 5.0 | 5 |  |
| $\mathrm{PV}=$ | 3.23 | 3.55 | 1.61 | 1.61 |  |

## BP 1 Back Layout Position

Rule Book Description
Diagrams

## Major Desired Actions

1. Body extended with face, chest, thighs and feet at the surface.
2. Head (ears specifically), hips and ankles in line.

1.Gives the impression that the body is stretched horizontally to maximum. Front of the trunk will also be at the surface of the water.
3. Judgement made by checking visual points of the horizontal alignment; ear, shoulder joint, hip joint, and ankles. This imaginary line should also pass through the middle of the side of the trunk.

## Back Layout Position to Submerged Back Pike Position

## Rule Book Description

Diagrams
Major Desired Actions

1. From a Back Layout Position, the legs are raised to vertical as the body is submerged to a Back Pike Position with the toes just under the surface.
2. Smoothly and simultaneously raising the legs and submerging the body, maintaining back straight and head in line. In the submerged Back Pike Position, the hips are directly beneath the position they occupied in Back Layout Position. Once established, the Back Pike Position degree of angle should not change prior to initiation of the unrolling action.


Rule Book Description
Diagrams
Major Desired Actions

3. Trunk extended with the back straight and head in line.


1. Legs as close to chest as possible, without sacrificing the straight line alignment of the extended spine and head.
2. Full extension of the legs, ankles and feet.
3. Back flat, with ear, shoulder joint, middle of side of torso, and hip joint aligned.

## Submerged Back Pike Position to Split Position

Rule Book Description

1. The feet separate along the surface as the a vertical upward movement of the trunk is executed as the body unrolls to assume a Split Position.

Diagrams


## BP 16 Split Position


Rule Book Description

| 1. Legs evenly split forward and back. |
| :--- |
| 2. The legs are parallel to the surface. |

3. Lower back arched, with hips, shoulders and head on a vertical line.
4. $180^{\circ}$ angle between the extended legs (flat split), with inside of each leg aligned on opposite sides of a horizontal line, regardless of the height of the hips.
a) Legs are "dry" at the surface.

## Split to Vertical at Submerged Vertical Transition

Rule Book Description Diagrams Major Desired Actions


1. Both legs achieve BP 6 Vertical Position simultaneously. Height of both legs to be at ankle level during closing to a Vertical Position.

| Score range <br> (degree) |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Excellent/ Near Perfect | 9.5 | 180 (flat) | Water level |

## BP 6 Vertical Position

Rule Book Description

1. Body extended, perpendicular to the surface, legs together, head downward.
2. Heads (ears specifically), hips and ankles in line.

Diagrams


Major Desired Actions

## 1. Full extension of the body.

2. Judgement made by checking visual points of the vertical alignment: ear, shoulder joint, hip joint, ankle.

## BM 10 Vertical Descent

Rule Book Description Diagrams Major Desired Actions

1. Maintaining a Vertical Position, the body descends along its longitudinal axis until the toes are submerged.

